

Irs Change Of Address Form For Business

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Why Your Business Address Matters to the IRS

Running a business means juggling countless administrative tasks, and updating your official address with the Internal Revenue Service is one of those tasks that is easy to overlook—but doing so can lead to serious

complications. Whether you have moved your office, changed your mailing address, or relocated your principal place of business, notifying the IRS is not merely a suggestion; it is a critical step in maintaining smooth operations. The **IRS Change of Address Form for Business**, officially known as **Form 8822-B**, is the primary tool for making this update. This article will guide you through everything you need

to know about this form, from understanding when to use it to submitting it correctly and avoiding common pitfalls.

When the IRS has your correct address, you ensure that important tax notices, refund checks, and correspondence reach you without delay. An incorrect address on file can mean missed deadlines, penalties, or even identity theft risks. Let us explore the purpose, process, and best practices surrounding the **IRS Change of Address Form for Business** so you can keep your business compliant and informed.

What Is the IRS Change of Address Form for Business?

The **IRS Change of Address Form for Business** is IRS **Form 8822-B**, which is specifically designed for businesses and other entities to update their mailing address or physical location with the IRS. This form is distinct from the individual version, **Form 8822**, which is used by individuals to change their home address. Using the correct form is essential because the IRS processes business and individual address changes

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through different channels.

Form 8822-B can be used by a wide range of business entities, including corporations, partnerships, limited liability companies (LLCs), sole proprietorships, estates, and trusts that are engaged in a trade or business. If you have changed your business mailing address, your business location, or both, this form is your official way to inform the IRS of the new details. It also allows you to update the address associated with your business tax returns, such as Forms 1120, 1120-S, 1065, or 1040 Schedule C.

Key Information You Will Need to Complete the Form

Before you begin filling out the **IRS Change of Address Form for Business**, gather the following details to ensure a smooth process:

- Your business name and Employer Identification Number (EIN)
- The old address on file with the IRS
- The new mailing address, new physical location, or both
- Information about the responsible party, such as a partner, officer, or trustee

- The date the address change took effect
- Details about the type of business entity you operate

Having this information at hand will help you complete the form accurately and avoid delays in processing.

When Should You Use the IRS Change of Address Form for Business?

Not every address change requires filing Form 8822-B. Understanding when this form is necessary

will save you time and prevent unnecessary submissions. Here are the most common scenarios where you must use the **IRS Change of Address Form for Business**:

1. **You moved your business to a new physical location.** If your office, store, or operational headquarters has a new street address, you need to update your business location with the IRS.
2. **You changed your mailing address.** Even if your physical location remains the same, if you use a different

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post office box or have a new mailing address for correspondence, you must file this form. business structure often involve address updates for the new entity.

3. **You changed your business name and address simultaneously.** If both your business name and address have changed, you may need to file both a name change and an address change. The form allows you to indicate both updates.
4. **You acquired a new business or underwent a restructuring.** Mergers, acquisitions, or changes in

There are also cases where you do not need to file this form. For example, if you simply update your address on your next tax return, the IRS will process that change automatically. However, if you want to ensure the change is reflected immediately, filing Form 8822-B separately is the recommended approach.

How to Fill Out the IRS Change of

Form for Business

Completing the **IRS Change of Address Form for Business** is straightforward, but attention to detail is crucial. Let us walk through each part of the form.

Part I: Change of Address

In this section, you will provide your business name and EIN. You will also enter your old mailing address exactly as it appears on your last filed tax return. If your physical location has changed, you will indicate that in a separate line. You must also enter your

new mailing address and, if different, your new physical location. Be sure to include the effective date of the address change.

Part II: Change of Responsible Party

If the person responsible for the business has changed (for example, a new CEO, managing member, or trustee), you will complete this part. You will need the name, title, and tax identification number of the new responsible party. This is particularly important for entities like trusts and estates.

Part III:

Irs Change Of Address Form For Signature Business handling the correspondence.

The form must be signed by an authorized individual. For a corporation, this is typically an officer; for a partnership, a partner; for an LLC, a member or manager; and for a sole proprietorship, the owner. The signature certifies that the information provided is true and correct.

Part IV: Optional - Third Party Designee

If you wish to authorize another person to discuss your address change with the IRS, you can complete this section. This is useful if your accountant or tax professional will be

How to Submit the IRS Change of Address Form for Business

Once you have completed the form, you have two primary submission methods: mail or fax. The IRS does not currently accept business address changes online, so you must use one of these traditional methods. Here are the details for each option.

Mailing the Form

The address to which you mail Form 8822-

It depends on your business location. The IRS provides specific addresses for different states and territories. You can find the correct mailing address in the form instructions, which are available on the IRS website. Be sure to use a traceable mailing method, such as certified mail, so you have proof of submission.

Faxing the Form

If you prefer a faster method, you can fax the completed form to the IRS at the appropriate fax number. Again, the specific fax number will depend on your business location. The form instructions include a list of fax numbers for each

state. Faxing is generally quicker than mailing, but you will not receive a confirmation unless you use a fax service that provides a transmission report. Keep that report for your records.

What Happens After You Submit the Form?

After the IRS receives your **IRS Change of Address Form for Business**, they will update their records within four to six weeks, though processing times can vary. You will not automatically receive a confirmation letter unless you

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~~specifically request one. To confirm that~~

your address has been updated, you can contact the IRS business line or check your next tax notice or refund check for the new address.

It is also a good idea to follow up with the IRS if you have not seen any indication of the change after eight weeks. You can call the business tax line or visit a local IRS Taxpayer Assistance Center for help.

Common Mistakes to Avoid When Filing the

of Address Form for Business

Even a small error on the **IRS Change of Address Form for Business** can cause delays or result in your address not being updated. Here are some of the most common mistakes and how to avoid them.

- **Using the wrong form.**
Do not use Form 8822 (for individuals) for your business. Always use Form 8822-B.
- **Entering the old address incorrectly.**
The old address must match

exactly what the IRS has on file. If you are unsure, check a previous tax return or notice.

- **Omitting the effective date.**

The IRS needs to know when the address change occurred. If you leave this blank, the form may be returned.

- **Forgetting to sign the form.**

An unsigned form is considered incomplete and will not be processed.

- **Mailing to the wrong address.** Using an incorrect mailing address will delay processing.

Always verify the correct address from the form instructions.

- **Not updating your address with other agencies.** The IRS is not the only entity that needs your new address. You should also notify the Social Security Administration (SSA), your state tax agency, and any other relevant authorities.

Related Forms and Processes You Should

Irs Change Of Address Form For Know About ~~business~~ important to keep these separate.

While the **IRS Change of Address Form for Business** is essential, it is not the only form you may need when your business undergoes changes. Here are some related forms and processes to consider.

Form 8822 - Change of Address for Individuals

If you are a sole proprietor, you might be tempted to use this form for your business address. However, sole proprietors should use Form 8822-B for business address changes and Form 8822 for personal address changes. It is

Form SS-4 - Application for Employer Identification Number

If you have changed your business address and need to update your EIN application, you can use Form SS-4 to notify the IRS of the new address. However, for an existing EIN, Form 8822-B is the correct form.

Updating Your Address with the SSA

If you have employees, you will also need to update your address with the Social Security

Administration. This is done through your quarterly or annual wage reports. The IRS and SSA share information, but it is wise to ensure both agencies have your current address.

State Tax Agency Notifications

Most states require businesses to update their address with the state tax agency separately. The **IRS Change of Address Form for Business** only updates your federal tax records. Check with your state department of revenue for the correct process.

Consequence

Updating Your Business Address

Failing to file the **IRS Change of Address Form for Business** can lead to several negative outcomes. Some of these are minor inconveniences, while others can have serious financial and legal repercussions.

- **Missed tax notices.** The IRS sends important notices, such as audit notifications, payment demands, and filing reminders, to the address

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on file. If you do not receive **Legal complications.**

them, you may miss deadlines and incur penalties.

- **Delayed refunds.** If the IRS sends a refund check to your old address and it is returned, your refund will be delayed until you update your address and request a reissuance.

- **Identity theft risks.** If your tax documents and notices are sent to an old address, they could fall into the wrong hands, putting your business information at risk.

In some cases, the IRS may take enforcement actions, such as levies or liens, based on correspondence sent to an outdated address. Arguing that you did not receive the notice is not usually a valid defense.

Tips for a Smooth Address Change Process

To make your address update as seamless as possible,

follow these practical tips beyond just completing the **IRS Change of Address Form for Business**.

1. **Update your address on your next tax return.** Even after filing Form 8822-B, include your new address on your next business tax return. This reinforces the

change in the IRS system.

2. **Keep a copy of the form.** Save a completed copy of Form 8822-B along with proof of mailing or faxing for your records.
3. **Notify your clients and vendors.** While not an IRS requirement, updating