

# How To Make Yourself Sneeze

## The Urge That Won't Quit: Understanding Why You Want to Trigger a Sneeze

We have all been there. You are lying in bed, a nasal tickle lingers, and you just need that explosive release to feel whole again. Or perhaps you are in a meeting, your sinuses feel clogged, and a good sneeze seems like the only way to clear your head. This sensation can be frustrating, leaving you stuck in a limbo of anticipation. If you have ever searched for **how to make yourself sneeze**, you are not alone. Inducing a sneeze is a common desire, whether for relief from congestion, to expel an irritant, or simply to satisfy that maddening "almost there" feeling.

Sneezing is a powerful, involuntary reflex designed to protect your respiratory system. It is your body's way of forcefully expelling foreign particles, allergens, or excess mucus from your nasal passages. While it is usually automatic, certain techniques can stimulate the trigeminal nerve—the nerve responsible for the sneeze reflex—and help you achieve that satisfying climax. In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the science behind sneezing and provide safe, effective methods for inducing a sneeze without causing harm to your nasal passages or overall health.

## The Biology of the Sneeze Reflex

Before diving into the methods, it is helpful to understand exactly what happens inside your body. The sneeze reflex, also known as sternutation, begins when an irritant tickles the delicate lining of your nasal mucosa. This signal travels along the trigeminal nerve to the brainstem. In response, your brain sends a cascade of signals: your eyes close, your chest expands, your throat muscles tighten, and you take a deep breath. Then, in a violent, involuntary contraction of your chest and abdominal muscles, air is forced out through your nose and mouth at speeds of up to 100 miles per hour.

The key to learning **how to make yourself sneeze** lies in artificially stimulating this same pathway. You need to trick the trigeminal nerve into believing an irritant is present. When done correctly, the reflex takes over, and the sneeze occurs naturally. It is a fine line between gentle stimulation and irritation, so technique is everything.

## Safe and Effective Methods to Trigger a Sneeze

The following techniques are based on common sensory triggers and are generally considered safe when performed gently. It is crucial to listen to your body; if any method causes pain or discomfort, stop immediately.

### 1. The Gentle Tissue Tickle

This is perhaps the most well-known method for **how to make yourself sneeze**. Take a soft tissue (not a rough paper towel) and twist one corner into a small, thin point. Gently insert the tip into one nostril and wiggle it very lightly against the inner lining of your nose. The goal is not to scratch or dig, but to create a tickling sensation that mimics the presence of a foreign object. Most people respond to this within a few seconds. If you do not feel a tickle after a few gentle attempts, try the other nostril, as sensitivity can vary between sides.

### 2. The Power of Bright Light (The Photic Sneeze Reflex)

If you are one of the 18 to 35 percent of the population who has a photic sneeze reflex, looking at a bright light is the easiest trigger. This genetic quirk, also known as ACHOO syndrome (Autosomal Dominant Compelling Helio-Ophthalmic Outburst), causes people to sneeze when suddenly exposed to bright light. To use this method, sit in a dimly lit room and then look directly at a bright light source, like the sun (with your eyes closed for safety) or a bright lamp. Alternatively, step outside from a dark building into direct sunlight. The sudden contrast confuses the brain and can trigger the sneeze reflex within seconds.

### 3. Pluck an Eyebrow

This might sound unrelated, but the trigeminal nerve has branches that extend to your face, including the area around your eyebrows. Plucking a few eyebrow hairs sends a sudden, sharp sensory signal to this nerve, which can sometimes "spill over" and trigger a sneeze. For some people, this is a highly reliable method. Use a pair of tweezers to pluck a single eyebrow hair from the inner corner of your brow. The closer to your nose, the more direct the nerve stimulation.

## 4. Massage the Roof of Your Mouth

Your palate (the roof of your mouth) is surprisingly connected to the sneeze reflex. Using the tip of your tongue, gently press and rub the roof of your mouth just behind your upper front teeth. Some people find that wiggling the tongue back and forth in this area creates a strange tickle that travels upward into the nasal cavity. If that does not work, you can also try using a clean fingertip to gently massage this area. This method works best when your sinuses are already slightly irritated or dry.

## 5. Sniff a Strong, Non-Injurious Scent

A powerful aroma can act as a chemical irritant. This is why pepper makes people sneeze. The compound piperine in black pepper irritates the nasal lining. However, you do not need to snort the pepper. Simply grind fresh black pepper onto a counter and take a very gentle, shallow sniff. **Never** snort pepper directly, as this can cause severe burning and damage. Other scents that can work include strong perfume, cinnamon, or even the smell of dark chocolate. The key is a gentle, passive inhalation of the scent, not a forceful snort.

## 6. Tickle with a Cotton Swab

Similar to the tissue method, a clean cotton swab (like a Q-tip) can be used for a more precise tickle. The tip is soft and non-abrasive. Gently insert the cotton end just inside the nostril and lightly stroke the inner wall. Use a circular motion. This method is very effective for people who have a very specific ticklish spot inside their nose. As with all methods, **do not** push the swab deep into your nasal cavity.

## 7. Drink a Carbonated Beverage

This method is more indirect but works for many people. The carbonation in sodas or sparkling water creates tiny bubbles that can travel up the back of your throat and into your nasal passages. The effervescence tickles the nerve endings in your throat and nose. Taking a large gulp of carbonated soda and allowing the fizz to rise can be a gentle, pleasant way to trigger a sneeze.

## 8. Exhale Sharply Through the Nose

Sometimes, the simple act of forceful expiration can trigger a sneeze. Take a deep breath in through your mouth, pinch your nose shut, and try to exhale forcefully through your nose. The pressure buildup and the sudden resistance can stimulate the trigeminal nerve. If that does not work, try inhaling deeply through your nose (as if you were sniffing a flower) and then exhaling rapidly. This changes the airflow and pressure in the nasal cavity, which can be enough to clear the "stuck" feeling and induce a sneeze.

## What to Avoid: Dangerous "Hacks" for Sneezing

When searching for **how to make yourself sneeze**, the internet is full of bad advice. It is crucial to avoid methods that can damage your nasal passages or respiratory system.

- **Do not snort salt water or baking soda.** This creates a chemical burn and can severely irritate your sinuses.
- **Do not use sharp objects.** Pens, pencils, hairpins, or fingernails can cut the delicate nasal lining, causing nosebleeds and infections.
- **Do not snort any powder aggressively.** While a gentle sniff of pepper is okay, snorting it forcefully can lead to aspiration pneumonia or severe inflammation.
- **Do not overdo it.** Repeatedly trying to force a sneeze can damage the blood vessels in your nose or cause a sinus infection due to irritation.
- **Do not suppress a sneeze.** Pinching your nose and closing your mouth to hold a sneeze in can cause a rupture of the eardrum or damage to the blood vessels in your eyes and brain.

## Why You Might Be Struggling to Sneeze

If you have tried several of the methods above and nothing happens, do not worry. Your sneeze threshold is higher than average. The sensitivity of the trigeminal nerve varies significantly from person to person. Factors that influence this include:

- **Dryness:** If the air is very dry, the nasal lining may be hardened and less responsive to tickling.
- **Allergies:** Chronically inflamed sinuses from allergies can be less sensitive to mild stimulation because they are already overwhelmed.
- **Age:** The sneeze reflex can weaken with age.
- **Medication:** Antihistamines or decongestants can dry out the nasal membranes and raise the threshold for sneezing.

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If you are struggling, try hydrating your nasal passages first by using a saline spray. This softens the lining and makes it more receptive to tickling. You can also try taking a hot shower; the steam acts as a natural irritant and loosens mucus, often triggering a sneeze spontaneously.

When a Sneeze Is Not Enough: Recognizing Underlying Issues

While we have focused on **how to make yourself sneeze** for temporary relief, the inability to sneeze can occasionally be a sign of a deeper neurological issue. If you find that you *never* sneeze, or if you have lost the ability to sneeze after an illness or injury, you should consult a doctor. This condition, known as asneezia, can be related to damage to the medulla oblongata in the brainstem.

Furthermore, if the "stuck" feeling that makes you want to sneeze persists for days or is accompanied by facial pain, headache, or fever, you may be suffering from sinusitis or a nasal polyp. In these cases, forcing a sneeze will not solve the problem, and you should seek medical advice.

The Psychological Relief of a Sneeze

There is a profound psychological satisfaction associated with sneezing. It is a complete, automatic, and cathartic release of tension. When you are stuck in that "presneeze" state, the body is in a state of high arousal. The heart rate quickens, muscles tense, and the respiratory system is poised for action. When the sneeze finally arrives, the release of endorphins creates a feeling of pleasant relaxation. This is why the ability to **make yourself sneeze** is so valued—it gives you control over an otherwise uncontrollable bodily function, allowing you to break the cycle of anticipation and achieve relief.

Final Thoughts on Triggering the Reflex

Learning **how to make yourself sneeze** is a combination of understanding your own body's triggers and applying gentle, targeted stimulation. The most reliable methods include the gentle tissue tickle, exposure to bright light (if you have the reflex), and plucking an eyebrow. Remember that patience is key. Forcing a sneeze often has the opposite effect, creating tension that prevents the reflex.

Always prioritize safety over success. The goal is to tickle, not to irritate or damage. If a method does not work after two or three attempts