

Sample Ds 11 Form

Understanding the DS-11 Form: Your Gateway to a First-Time U.S. Passport

Applying for a U.S. passport for the first time can feel like navigating a maze of paperwork, but the process becomes much simpler once you understand the key document involved: the **DS-11 form**. Whether you are a first-time adult applicant, a parent applying for a minor child, or someone whose previous passport was lost or stolen and issued more than 15 years ago, the DS-11 is the official application you must submit in person. This article provides a thorough, step-by-step look at the **sample DS-11 form**, explains every section you will encounter, and offers practical advice to ensure your application is accepted without delay.

Before we dive into the details, remember that a **sample DS-11 form** is not a fillable submission—it is a reference tool. Using a sample to preview the questions and layout will help you gather the required information and supporting documents ahead of your appointment at a passport acceptance facility. Let’s explore how this form works, who needs it, and what you should know before you begin.

What Is the DS-11 Form?

The DS-11, “Application for a U.S. Passport,” is issued by the U.S. Department of State. It is used exclusively for **first-time passport applications** and for applicants who do not qualify to renew by mail (Form DS-82). Scenarios that require the DS-11 include:

- You are a U.S. citizen by birth or naturalization and have never had a passport.
- You are applying for a child under age 16 (both parents or guardians must appear or provide consent).
- Your previous passport was issued when you were under age 16.
- Your most recent passport was lost, stolen, or damaged.
- Your previous passport was issued more than 15 years ago.
- Your name has changed since your last passport and you cannot legally document the change.

Unlike renewal forms, the DS-11 cannot be submitted online or by mail. You must print it, complete it in black ink, and present it **in person** at an authorized passport acceptance facility (such as a post office, county clerk, or public library) or at a passport agency.

Why You Should Look at a Sample DS-11 Form Before Applying

A **sample DS-11 form** is invaluable because it shows you exactly what information you need to supply before you sit down to fill out the real document. By previewing a sample, you can:

1. **Identify required fields** – avoid leaving any blanks that could delay processing.
2. **Check the formatting** – if you are typing the form (PDF supported by the State Department), a

sample shows where text fits.

3. **Prepare supporting documents** – the form asks for dates, places, and parent information that may require digging out old records.
4. **Understand consent sections** – for minors, you will see where parental signatures and notarization are required.

Where to Find a Legitimate Sample DS-11 Form

The U.S. Department of State provides the official blank form on its website (travel.state.gov). That is your best source for a **sample DS-11 form** that is current. Third-party sites often host copies, but be sure to compare against the government version to avoid outdated or altered documents. A sample downloaded from the State Department will include instructions and the correct OMB control number.

Breaking Down the Sections of the DS-11 Form

The DS-11 consists of several pages. Here is what each part asks for, and how a **sample DS-11 form** can help you understand the context of each question.

Section 1: Personal Information

This section requests your full legal name, date of birth, place of birth, gender, and Social Security number. If you have used other names (e.g., maiden name, previous married name), you must list them. A sample form will show exactly how to format your name—last name, first name, middle name—and where to provide alternate names. Make sure the spelling matches your citizenship evidence (birth certificate or naturalization certificate).

Section 2: Contact Information & Mailing Address

You must provide your current mailing address and a phone number/email. The State Department will send your passport to this address. An important nuance seen on a **sample DS-11 form** is that the “mailing address” may differ from your physical residence. If you live abroad or use a P.O. Box, the sample will indicate which box to check.

Section 3: Parental Information

You must list both parents (even if they are deceased or not U.S. citizens), including their full names, dates of birth, places of birth, and Social Security numbers (if known). A sample form illustrates that this section applies to applicants of any age, not just minors. If you are an adult who does not know your parent’s SSN, the form allows you to leave it blank, but you should provide as much information as possible.

Section 4: Passport & Travel History

If you have ever held a U.S. passport, you will enter the passport book number, issue date, and expiration date. For first-time applicants, this section will be blank. The sample form includes a note that if your previous passport was lost or stolen, you must also complete Form DS-64 (Statement Regarding a Lost or Stolen Passport) and submit it with your DS-11.

Section 5: Employment & Travel Plans

The DS-11 asks for your occupation, employer (or school, if a student), and planned travel dates. This is not used to approve or deny your passport; it is for statistical purposes. A **sample DS-11 form** shows that you can write “N/A” if you have no immediate travel plans. Be honest—if you need expedited service, you will mark that option later.

Section 6: Additional Citizenship Evidence

This section helps the State Department determine what documents you need to submit. The sample form will include a checklist for acceptable evidence: certified U.S. birth certificate, Consular Report of Birth Abroad, Naturalization Certificate, or Certificate of Citizenship. The sample reminds you that photocopies are not accepted; you must present original documents or certified copies.

Section 7: Signature and Oath

You will sign and date the form in the presence of the acceptance agent. For minors under 16, both parents (or guardians) must sign, and the form may require a notarized statement of consent. A **sample DS-11 form** often includes a separate “Statement of Consent” page (DS-3053) for when only one parent appears. Previewing this sample helps you understand the signature requirements before your appointment.

Section 8: Execution & Fees

The acceptance agent completes this part. It confirms that you appeared in person and that your identity was verified. The sample form typically includes a table of fees: application fee (paid to the Department of State) plus execution fee (paid to the acceptance facility). Check the current fee schedule on the official website, as amounts change periodically.

Common Mistakes to Avoid When Filling Out the DS-11

Using a **sample DS-11 form** to practice can help you sidestep these typical errors:

- **Using blue ink:** The form must be completed in black ink only. A sample form will note this in the instructions.
- **Leaving Social Security blank without reason:** If you do not have a Social Security number, you must sign a statement (form SS-5 or a separate affidavit). If you have one, you must provide it.
- **Incorrect date format:** The State Department uses month/day/year. A sample shows the correct boxes.
- **Forgetting to sign for a minor:** Both parents must sign unless a notarized consent form is

provided. The sample often includes a checklist for parental consent.

- **Omitting travel plans:** Even if you plan to travel a year from now, write a rough date. This helps with processing.

Step-by-Step: How to Use a Sample DS-11 Form to Prepare for Your Appointment

Here is a practical workflow that leverages a **sample DS-11 form**:

1. **Download the official blank form** from travel.state.gov and save a copy as a sample reference.
2. **Read the two-page instructions** that accompany the form. They explain every line item.
3. **Fill out a photocopied sample** with pencil first. This helps you see where information fits without ruining your final form.
4. **Gather original documents** based on the sample’s checklist: proof of citizenship, proof of identity (driver’s license, etc.), and passport photo.
5. **Schedule an appointment** at a passport acceptance facility. Many require separate appointments for families.
6. **Bring the completed form (unsigned)** to the appointment. You will sign it in front of the agent. The sample form reminds you not to sign before arrival.
7. **Pay fees** – check the sample for estimated totals so you bring enough (check or money order only for the application fee; the execution fee may be paid by credit card).

Sample DS-11 Form for Minors: Additional Considerations

When applying for a child under 16, the requirements are stricter. A **sample DS-11 form for a minor** includes space for both parents’ information, and the form itself is the same but with different instructions. Key points:

- Both parents or legal guardians must appear together. If one cannot appear, the absent parent must complete Form DS-3053 (Statement of Consent) and have it notarized.
- The child’s signature is required only if the child is 16 or 17. For children under 16, the parent signs on the child’s behalf.
- Evidence of parental relationship (birth certificate listing parents’ names) is mandatory.
- A sample form can show you where the parent’s signatures go and how to fill the “minor” box at the top of the form.

Frequently Asked Questions About the DS-11 Form

Can I type directly into the DS-11 PDF?

Yes, the official form is a fillable PDF. However, a **sample DS-11 form** (non-fillable) may only display the layout. If you use a fillable version, you can type your information, then print it. The State Department recommends printing in black ink and single-sided.

How long does it take to process a DS-11 application?

Routine processing takes 6-8 weeks; expedited (with extra fee) takes 2-3 weeks. A sample form includes the option to request expedited service. Check the “yes” box if you need it.

What if I make a mistake on the form?

If you make an error on a hand-written form, do not use correction fluid. Instead, cross out the mistake neatly and initial next to it. A sample form often includes this instruction. If the error is major, start a new copy.

Is a sample DS-11 form available in Spanish?

The official DS-11 is only in English. However, translated guides and sample forms in Spanish can be found via advocacy organizations. Use the English form for submission.

Conclusion

Mastering the DS-11 form is the most important step in obtaining your first U.S. passport. By studying a **sample DS-11 form** before you fill out the official document, you save time, reduce stress, and minimize the risk of errors that can delay your travel plans. Remember to use only the latest version from the U.S. Department of State, fill it out in black ink, and appear in person with all required original documents and photocopies. With